

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1.- 13. (Canceled)

14. (New) A process for manufacturing an inkjet recording sheet comprising at least one layer containing a cationic particulate organic component on a sheet support, wherein the layer containing the cationic particulate organic component comprises a void-forming component consisting essentially of a cationic particulate organic component selected from the group consisting of (meth)acrylate (co)polymers, methyl methacrylate-butadiene copolymers, styrene-butadiene copolymers, ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymers and olefinic polymers, and copolymers of two or more of said polymers, which are endowed with a cationic function, said process comprising the steps of cast coating a coating composition containing the cationic particulate organic component on a sheet support and pressing a mirror roll onto the coated surface.

15. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the surface temperature of the mirror roll is lower than a glass transition temperature of the cationic particulate organic component.

16. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the cationic particulate organic component is a thermoplastic particulate resin.

17. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the cationic particulate organic component is a cationic particulate emulsion prepared by copolymerizing (A) an alkyl (meth)acrylate, (B) an amino group containing (meth)acrylate monomer and (C) other copolymerizable monomer.

18. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the amounts of (A) the alkyl (meth)acrylate monomer, (B) the amino group containing (meth)acrylate monomer and (C) the other copolymerizable monomer are 30 wt% to 99.8 wt%, 0.2 wt% to 40 wt% and 0 wt% to 30 wt%, respectively, based on the total weight of (A), (B) and (C).

19. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the glass transition temperature of the cationic particulate organic component is 65 °C to 200 °C both inclusive.

20. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the weight average molecular weight of the cationic particulate organic component is 60000 or more.

21. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the recording sheet has a liquid absorption of 2.00 to 4.00 μL 0.1 sec after dropping 4 μL of pure water on its recording surface and has gloss of 50 or more at 75°.

22. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the recording sheet has a liquid absorption per contact area of a droplet of 0.5 to 2.00 $\mu\text{L}/\text{cm}^2$ 0.1 sec after dropping 4 μL of pure water on the recording surface of the recording sheet.

23. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the layer containing the cationic particulate organic component is the outermost layer of the recording surface.

24. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the sheet support is a paper or plastic sheet.

25. (New) The process for manufacturing the inkjet recording sheet as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the layer containing the cationic particulate organic component contains no inorganic particles.